

Woodshop Safety Test
Grants Pass High School

Name : _____
Period : _____
Date : _____

1. True or False.....It is your responsibility to make sure each machine is adjusted properly before you use it.
2. True or False.....All wood is free from screws, nails or foreign objects.
3. True or False.....Loose clothing or hair is ok when working with power equipment.
4. True or False.....You should remove scrap material while a machine is still running.
5. True or False.....You should feed material from right to left on the router table.
6. True or False.....When crosscutting on the table saw you should use the rip fence.
7. True or False.....It is ok to run sheet goods through the planer.
8. True or False.....The table saw is the best choice when cutting to length.
9. True or False.....The miter gauge should be used when making rip cuts on the table saw.
10. True or False.....Your materials should be run *against the grain* on the jointer.
11. True or False....You should never point a nail gun at another person.
12. True or False.....I am responsible for my own safety.
13. True or False.....I am responsible for the quality of my own work.
14. True or False.....A rabbet joint is created on the edge of your material.
15. True or False.....The blade on the dado saw is always visible when making dadoes or rabbets.
16. True or False.....You may move a guard or safety device out of the way when running machines.
17. True or False.....Backing the bandsaw out of a cut requires that the saw is running.
18. When ripping on the table saw, if the fence is set to within _____ inches or closer to the blade you must use a push stick.
19. Your board must be at least _____ inches long in order for you to safely rip it to width on the table saw.

20. How high above your material should the foot of the bandsaw be set? _____
21. What is the *minimum length* that can be run through the drum sander? _____
22. What is the *maximum depth of cut* with each pass on the drum sander? _____
23. What is the *minimum length* that can be run through the planer? _____
24. What is the *maximum depth of cut* with each pass on the planer? _____
25. A board must be at least _____ long in order to safely use the jointer?
26. A board must be at least _____ long to safely cut to length on the miter saw.
27. List three things that need to be checked prior to using the table saw?
BE SPECIFIC!

- A. _____
- B. _____
- C. _____

Choose the BEST answer for the following questions (Questions 28 thru 34)

- A. Miter Saw**
B. Panel Saw
C. Table Saw
D. Planer
E. Drum Sander

28. What machine would be the best choice to accurately *crosscut* a board that is 5 ½ inches wide? _____
29. What machine would be the best choice to rough cut sheet goods? _____
30. What machine would be the best choice to accurately rip a board to width? _____
31. What two machines are the best choice to thickness a board? _____
32. Which machine would be the best choice to quickly and efficiently remove large amounts of material from the face of a board (to thickness a board)? _____
33. Which machine would be the best choice to remove small amounts of material from the face of a board? _____

34. Always use a stop-block when cross-cutting more than one board to the same length on the _____ .

Choose the best answer (or answers) for the following questions (*Questions 35 thru 38*).

- A. Planer**
- B. Jointer**
- C. Resaw Band Saw**
- D. Drum Sander**
- E. Table Saw / Cabinet Saw**
- F. Panel Saw**
- G. Panel Router**
- H. Dado Saw**

35. You should always use push pads when creating dadoes or rabbets on the _____ .

36. Which 3 pieces of equipment cannot be used with sheet goods?
_____ .

37. What piece of equipment is the best choice for flattening, straightening and squaring the edge of a board?
_____ .

38. What 2 pieces of equipment would be the best choice to make dadoes and / or rabbets in your material?
_____ .

Choose the best answer from the word bank at the bottom of the page:

39. Our order of operations states that whenever possible or prudent you should always mill the _____ of a board then the _____ of a board then the _____ of a board.

40. The edge of your board must be tight against the _____ on either side of the blade when performing crosscutting operations on the miter saw.

41. Projects must be _____ in order to receive a passing grade in this course.

42. Always place the _____ of your material against the fence when ripping to width on the table saw.

43. _____ must be worn at all times when in the shop.
44. Boards must be clamped securely in place when routing dadoes or rabbets on the _____.
45. How many cuts does it take to accurately cut a board to length on the miter saw? _____
46. When using the edge sander, always move your material _____ the rotation of the sanding belt.
47. Never _____ your material against the spindle sander. Instead, apply gentle even pressure.
48. _____ is the process of joining two or more boards together to create a wider or thicker board.
49. You should never joint the _____ of a board.

Miter Saw, Fastened, 0.010", Table Saw, Lamination, One, Force, Fence, Ends, Width, Downward, Mortise Machine, Edges, Kickback, Length, 0.025", Completed, Jointer, Two, Control, 0.0625", Faces, Long jointed edge, Safety Glasses, Stained, End Grain, Dado, 0.125", Rabbet, Panel Router, Relief, Against

General Questions

50. You walk into the shop with a board that you want to use for a project and you need to get it to the right size for use. Thinking about the order of operations in the shop, which answer *best* describes which machines you would use in their correct order?
- A. Miter saw, table saw, jointer.
 - B. Jointer, Table Saw, Miter Saw
 - C. Drum sander, table saw, miter saw, jointer
 - D. Table saw, miter saw, jointer.